



MADAM MAUDE SEAY.

The most up-to-date and fashionable French milliner among the Afro-Americans, residing in Chicago.

In the latter part of September, 1908, Madam Maude Seay, who thoroughly learned the millinery trade with Griffin and Company, the French milliners, Michigan avenue and Jackson Blvd., engaged in business for herself in the 33d block on State street, and being very popular and well known among the best class of Colored people on the south side, she met with success from the beginning. In the spring of 1909, she removed her millinery shop to a larger and

better store, 3531 State street, phone Douglas 2120, and at all times she has on hand, a large display of the finest and most fashionable hats that can be found in this city, of her own creation.

Some of the most elaborately plumed hats worn at the Thanksgiving K. P. ball, were fashioned by her, and many of the most stylish ladies, who will attend the great charity benefit ball, at the 7th Regiment Armory, New Year's evening have ordered their hats from Madam Seay.

William Robinson

William Robinson was born at Reedsville, Mifflin county, Pa., in 1861, and at the age of eight years he removed from there to Pittsburg, Pa., with his mother, Mrs. Martha Robinson, where he attended school and resided until September, 1890. That same year he came to Chicago to make his future home, and for five years thereafter he worked for the late M. C. McDonald, or until the old Chicago Daily Globe, which was controlled by Mr. McDonald, went out of existence.

Then for some time thereafter he was in the employ of George Hankins, and in 1894, Mr. Robinson worked in Douglas Park until 1895, at which time he was appointed by Mayor George B. Swift to the police department, and from that time to the present he has been a faithful servant of the city, and to his everlasting credit, he has never been brought up before the Police Trial Board on any charge whatever.

On January 12, 1903, Mr. Robinson was happily united in marriage to Mrs. Carrie Webb, of Columbus, Ohio,

who is an ideal helpmate for him. Right here it might be stated, that Mr. Robinson has only one sister, who he highly esteems, Mrs. Maggie Strange, residing in Pittsburg, Pa. His father passing away in his native town, and his mother folding her arms in death at Pittsburg.

He belongs to the Grand United Order of Odd Fellows, being an honored member of Ezekiel Lodge No. 1905. He is a Patriot of the Chicago Branch No. 10, 12th Regiment. He is also a Mason, being a member of Doric Lodge No. 77.

Mrs. Robinson is a member of the Household of Ruth No. 44. She is also a member of Olivet Baptist Church.

Three years ago, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson bought a nice brick two-flat building at 3511 Armour avenue, and they deserve great credit for putting and keeping their property up in first-class shape.

Mr. and Mrs. Robinson are both ideal citizens—honest to the backbone, and they have many friends among both races who are highly pleased to see them meeting with success in their journey through life.



WILLIAM ROBINSON.

Prominent Odd Fellow, Mason, Good Citizen, Property-holder and Taxpayer.

Anti-Mob Bill

WHICH WAS GOTTEN THROUGH THE LEGISLATURE OF ILLINOIS IN 1905, BY HON. EDWARD D. GREEN, WHO HAS IMMORTALIZED HIMSELF FOR HIS HEROIC WORK IN THAT DIRECTION.

The following bill was championed through the legislature of Illinois in 1905, by Hon. Edward D. Green, member of the 44th General Assembly, and if he never performs another noble act in his life, he has covered himself over with glory and immortalized himself by making it possible to remove officers of the peace and sheriffs from office, who fail to suppress mob violence, and Governor Charles S. Deneen, under this measure was forced to remove Sheriff Davis of Alexander county, from office for failing to do his duty during the late riot at Cairo Ill.

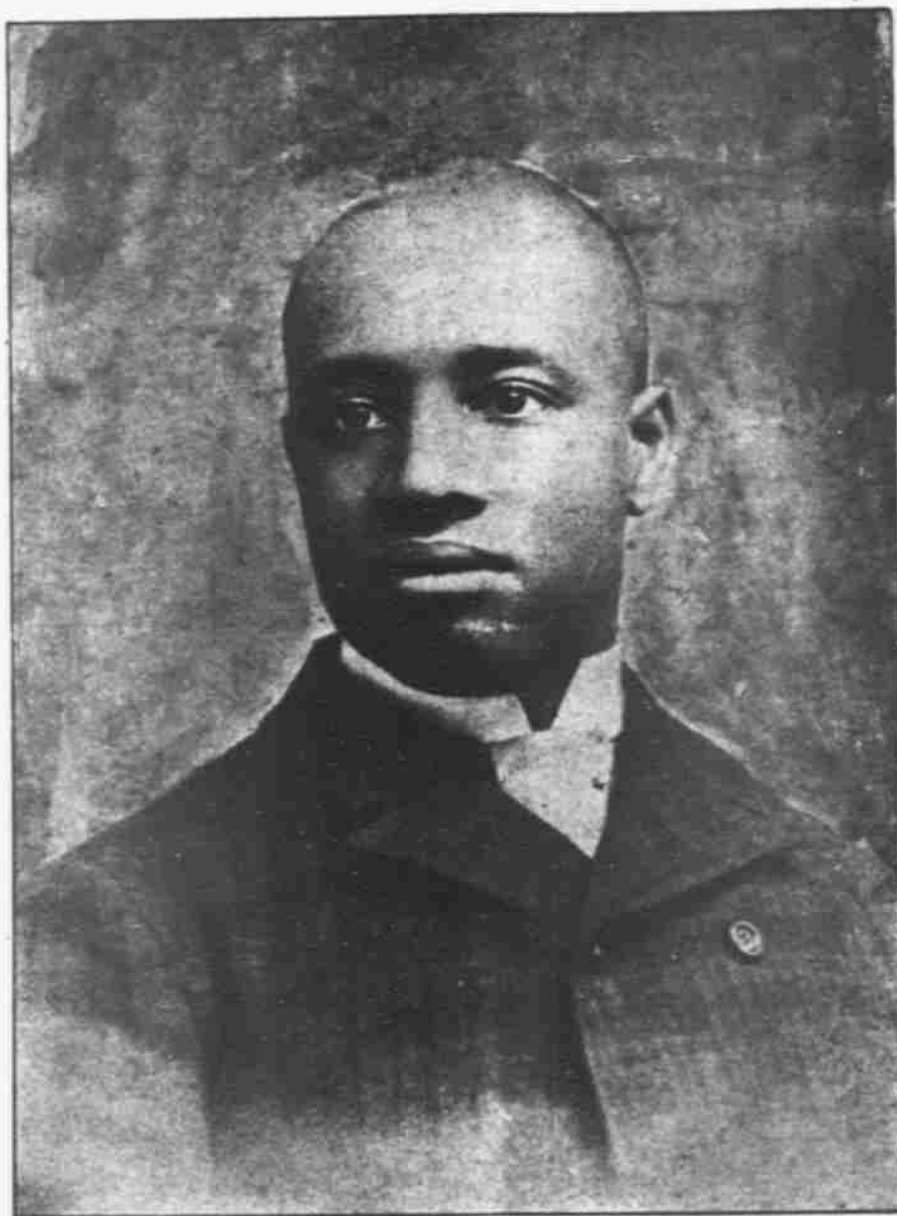
"BILL TO SUPPRESS MOB VIOLENCE."

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois represented in the General Assembly: That any collection of individuals, five or more in number, assembled for the unlawful purpose of offering violence to the person or property of any one supposed to have been guilty of a violation of the law, or for the

felony, and shall suffer imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding five years; and any person so suffering damage to property or injury to person by a mob shall have an action against the county or city in which such injury is inflicted, for such damages as he may sustain, to an amount not exceeding five thousand dollars.

"Section 5. The surviving spouse, lineal heirs, or adopted children of any such other person or persons who, before the loss of life, were dependent for support upon any other person who shall hereafter suffer death by lynching at the hands of a mob, in any county or city of this State, shall recover from such county or city damages for injury sustained by reason of the loss of life of such person, to a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

"Section 6. If any person shall be taken from the hands of a sheriff, or his deputy, having such person in custody, and shall be lynched, it shall be conclusive evidence of failure on the part of such sheriff to do his duty,



HON. EDWARD D. GREEN.

Prominent Knights of Pythias, ex-member of the legislature of Illinois, author of the "Anti-Mob Bill" under which law, Governor Charles S. Deneen, was forced to remove Sheriff Davis of Alexander County, from office.

purpose of exercising correctional powers or regulative powers over any person or persons by violence, and without lawful authority, shall be regarded and designated as a 'mob.'

"Section 2. The term 'serious injury,' for the purposes of this act, shall include any injury to property which shall cause damage to the owner thereof or any injury to the person which shall temporarily or permanently disable the person injured from earning a livelihood.

"Section 3. Any person or persons who shall compose a mob, with the intent to inflict damage or injury to the person or property of any individual charged with a crime, or, under the pretence of exercising correctional powers over such person or persons by violence, and without authority of law, shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, and may be imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty days nor to exceed twelve months for each and every offense.

"Section 4. Any person or persons, whether composing a mob under the provisions of this act or not, who shall by violence inflict damage to the property or serious injury to the person of any other person upon the pretence of exercising correctional powers over such person or persons, by violence and without authority of law, shall be deemed guilty of a

and upon the fact being made to appear to the Governor, he shall publish proclamation declaring the office of such sheriff vacant, and his office shall thereby and thereat immediately be vacated, and the coroner shall immediately succeed to and perform the duties of sheriff until the successor of such sheriff shall have been duly elected or appointed, pursuant to the existing law providing for the filling of vacancies in such office, and such sheriff shall not thereafter be eligible to either election or reappointment to the office of sheriff: Provided, however that such former sheriff may, within ten days after such lynching occurs, file with the Governor his petition for reinstatement to the office of sheriff, and shall give ten days' notice of the filing of such petition to the prosecuting attorney of the county in which such lynching occurred, and also to the Attorney General. If the Governor, upon hearing the evidence and argument, if any presented, shall find that such sheriff has done all in his power to protect the life of such prisoner and performed the duties required of him by existing laws respecting the protection of prisoners, then such Governor may reinstate such sheriff in his office and shall issue to him a certificate of reinstatement, the same to be effective on the day of such order of reinstatement, and the decision of such Governor shall be final."



DR. A. BEATRICE SCHULTZ-KNIGHTEN.

One of the most brilliant Afro-American women physicians and surgeons in the middle west.

Dr. Anna B. Schultz-Knighten the subject of this sketch, was born in the capital of the nation on the banks of the historic Potomac. From the primary schools of her native city, she went to the Normal Department of Howard University, at which school she acquitted herself with honors. Later she took a course at Fisk, the famous school for Colored youths in the south, and by close application to her studies, made a record for scholarship that reflected great credit upon herself, as well as her Alma Mater. In 1894, Dr. Schultz entered Jenner Medical College of this city, graduating from that institution three years later. She at once took up the practice of her profession and made a success of it from the start. Her work, which has been of a varied nature, has not been confined entirely to the people of her own race. Many white patients have availed themselves of her skill as a surgeon, and as a specialist along certain lines, she has been frequently called into consultation with many of the city's leading physicians. The Doctor has been Medical Expert for the Hammond Packing Company, one of the largest concerns of its kind in America, and for such well known public service corporations as the Chicago City Railways Company, and the Commonwealth Edison Company.

Dr. Schultz is in many respects a remarkable woman. Handsome of face, distinguished in carriage, with a manner as winning as a politician's,

she would attract attention in any gathering. As was once said of Mary, Queen of Scots, she looks "fit to be the mother of a lion's brood." Nothing so strikingly illustrates the determined will of this many-sided woman as an exhibition of nerve on her part during an epidemic of small-pox at Provident Hospital, when that institution was located at Twenty-ninth and Dearborn Streets. The white superintendent deserted her post and fled from the pestilence like a wild horse, before a prairie fire. Unvaccinated and no more immune than her white sister, Dr. Schultz took the vacant post as acting superintendent, and held the fort, without pay, till the disease had been stamped out.

A few years ago the Doctor was offered the position of Asst. Superintendent of nurses for the Kankakee Insane Asylum, but declined the honor. Nothing shows the versatility of her character more than the fact that she has taken up the study of law as a diversion. Should she qualify for this strenuous profession, Chicago will hear from her in the law as it has in the field of medicine.

Dr. Schultz is happily married to Mr. D. J. Knighten, one of the business men of Chicago, he being the only Colored Live Stock Broker here. Her office is located at 2719 State St., in the 2d ward, where she has been since the day she graduated, 12 years ago. The doctor is well known for her charity, and is now educating an orphan girl, who promises to be as capable as the doctor.



THE EMANUEL NEIGHBORHOOD SETTLEMENT, 2732 ARMOUR AVE. THE EMANUEL SETTLEMENT CHRISTMAS FREE DINNER.

Tuesday afternoon, Dec. 28th, '09 the Emanuel Neighborhood House was crowded to the doors. The occasion was the Christmas celebration of the day nursery, and kindergarten about eighty children and their parents gathered. A huge Christmas tree loaded down with gifts for the children—which had been donated to Mrs. Emanuel by the Chicago Woman's Club and Mrs. C. P. Woolley. A sumptuous dinner consisting of frizzled chicken and roast turkey—was served to everyone present, and a few baskets distributed to the neighbors. The program was given by the children—many visitors were present, the whole affair was a grand success. Miss Chapman deserves a great deal of credit for the manner in which she trained the children for the celebration.